Current Trends in Athletic Training

CIF-SS Athletic Administrators Summit

October 15th, 2018



Introductions

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Why We're Here Today



Objectives

| Update | Updates in CA regarding AEDs, EAPS, and Wrestling Assessments |
|----------|---|
| Provide | Provide guidelines in the development of an Emergency Action Plan (EAP) |
| Advocate | Advocate for full time ATs at your site |
| Review | Review resources |

California Interscholastic Health and Safety Laws

- Concussion Laws
 - AB 25
 - AB 1451
 - AB 2127
- Eric Paredes Sudden Cardiac Arrest Prevention Act (AB 1639)

KEEP YOUR HEART IN THE GAME A Message to Parents & Student Athletes



New California Interscholastic Health and Safety Law

- AB 2009
 - AEDs and EAPs for interscholastic athletics
 - Passed September 21st, 2018
 - To commence July 1st, 2019



AEDs in Schools Background

- Existing law authorizes...
 - School districts to provide specified medical services in connection with athletic events
 - Public schools to solicit and receive non-state funds to acquire and maintain an automated external defibrillator (AED)
- Authorized to give care, but are you?

Sudden Cardiac Arrest Background

- Sudden cardiac arrest (SCA) is the leading cause of death in young athletes¹⁻³
- Best way to prevent SCA is by early defibrillation; survival rates decline 7%– 10% each minute defibrillation is delayed⁴
 - 2006 study reported survival rate of exercise-related SCA measured over 7year period in US was only 11% in people ages 5 – 22⁵
 - Defibrillation of individuals with SCA in high school setting resulted in 64% survival to hospital discharge (14 student athletes, 22 adults)³

AB 2009 Language

- If a school district or charter school elects to offer any interscholastic athletic program...
 - Written EAP in place that describes the location and procedures to be followed in the event of sudden cardiac arrest and other medical emergencies related to the athletic program's activities/events
 - Written EAP shall be posted in compliance with the most recent pertinent guidelines

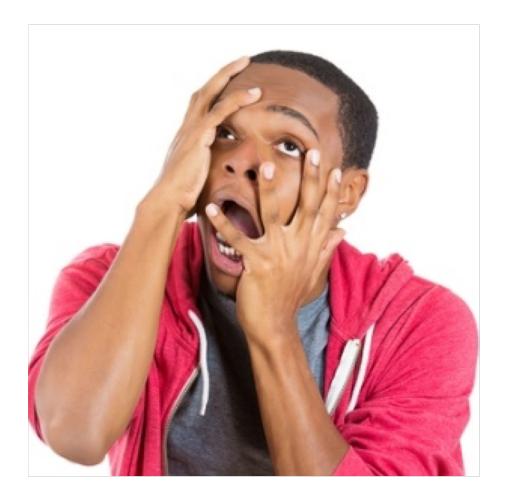
2009 Language, Cont.

- School district or the charter school shall acquire at least one AED for each school within the school district or the charter school
 - AED or AEDs are available for the purpose of rendering emergency care or treatment within a recommended *three to five minutes* of SCA to pupils, spectators, other individuals in attendance at athletic program's on-campus activities/events
 - Ensure that the AED or AEDs are available to athletic trainers and coaches and authorized persons at activities/events

2009 Language, Cont.

- Schools to ensure that AED or AEDs are maintained and regularly tested
 - Guidelines set forth by the manufacturer, the American Heart Association, or the American Red Cross
 - According to any applicable rules and regulations set forth by the governmental authority under the FDA and any other applicable state and federal authority

What This Looks Like For You



AED Funding

- Grants, Foundations, Resources, etc.
 - AED Superstore
 - AED Grant
 - Think AED
 - Philips HeartStart Giving Program
 - School Health Lease Program
 - NFHS Foundation Grant

Training and Implementation

- Encouraged to include AED training in required coaches training
 - CPR, First Aid, Concussion Awareness, SCA, AND AED
 - Hands-on training
 - Annual rehearsal for SCA events



AED Maintenance

- Manufacturer's recommended maintenance schedule
 - Periodic checks
 - "Ready" light, pads, battery, supplies and accessories, etc.
 - Beeps, chirps, flashing buttons
 - Physical damages
 - Who will be responsible for this?
 - Risk Management
 - Safety Officer
 - Athletic Director
 - Athletic Trainer

Automated External American Heart Defibrillator Maintenance Checklist Date _____ Location Inspection Performed by ____ Criteria Status **Corrective Action/Comments** AED Placement visible, unobstructed and near phone Verify battery installation Check the status/ service indicator light Note absence of visual/ audible service alarm Inspect exterior components and sockets for cracks Supplies Two sets of AED pads in sealed package Check expiration date on pad packages Pocket mask with one-way valve Examination gloves Razors

Association. Fighting Heart Disease and Stroke

Please refer to manufacturer's User's Manual for more information and proper annual maintenance procedures.

© 2001 American Heart Association

Absorbent gauze or hand towels

Recognizing the Need for EAPs

- Now it's law!
- Public awareness
- Benefits of a well-developed EAP



Developing Your Plan



Creating or Updating Your EAP

CIF Emergency Action Planning

Anyone Can Save A Life

Cardiac Emergency Response Plan

Components of Your EAP

- Identification of personnel involved⁶
- Specification of equipment needed to respond to emergency
- Establishment of communication system to summon emergency care
 - Identification of mode of emergency transport
 - Specification of the venue or activity
 - Incorporation of the emergency personnel into development of plan

NATA Preventing Sudden Death in Sports

NATA Emergency Planning in Athletics



Emergency Personnel

- Personnel will vary
- Chain of Command
 - Who is on your staff?
 - Assign roles for each situation
- Role delineation

Emergency Communication



- Communicating with EMS or local emergency medical services
- Radios? Cell phones?
- Calling 911
 - Who makes the decision?
 - Dispatch questions

Emergency Equipment

- AED on-site and readily available
- Appropriate equipment for the sport or competition
 - Splints, first aid, emergency equipment
 - Equipment-intensive tools
- Regularly check equipment

| AED |
|-----|
| |
| |

Emergency Transportation

- Plan for transporting ill or injured student athletes
 - Away events
 - Transportation complications
- Onsite ambulance services
- Documentation



Written EAP VS. Visible EAP

| ATHLET TEAMS | IC DEPAF | RTMENT EMERGENCY A | CTION PLAN: RESPONSE |
|---|-------------------|--|--|
| Athletic Dire | ctor/Coach Na | ame: School: _ | |
| SPORTS SINCE | | Facili | ty: |
| Call 911 or your | local EMS for all | | not breathing normally, begin CPR and get the AE |
| 911 TEAM | | CPR/AED TEAM | AED TEAM |
| CALL 911. Explain emergency. Pro | vide location. | START CPR. | GET THE AED KIT. |
| Local EMS Number: | | 1. Position person on his/her back. | Nearest AED: Practices Events |
| EMS Access Point: | | 2. Put one hand on top of the other on middle of person's chest. Keeping arms straight, push hard and fast, (100 compressions/minute.) | Responder 1: |
| Cross Streets: | | Let chest completely recoil after each compression. | GET THE ATHLETIC TRAINER. |
| Responder 1: | | 3. Take turns with other responders as needed. | Athletic Trainer: |
| MEET AMBULANCE at EMS Access Point. Take to victim. | | Coach/Advisor: | Cell/Contact Method: |
| EMS Access Point: Practic | es Events | Responder 1: | Typical location: |
| Cross Streets: | | Responder 2: | Responder 1: |
| Responder 1: | | WHEN AED ARRIVES, TURN IT ON AND FOLLOW VOICE PROMPTS. | |
| CALL CONTACTS. Provide location and victim's name. | | Remove clothing from chest. Attach electrode pads as directed by | *By law, all athletic coaches, paid and or volunteer, must be currently certified in CPR |
| Athletic Trainer: Cell: | | voice prompts. 3. Stand clear while AED analyzes heart and First Aid and Concussion Awareness as outlined in Section 5590- 5596 of Title V of the | |
| Athletic Director: Cell: | | rhythm. 4. Keep area clear if AED advises a | California Code of Regulations and Education Code Sections 35179.5 and 44919. More information can be found at |
| Principal: Cell: | | shock. 5. Follow device prompts for further action. | <u>http://cifstate.org/</u> under the Health & Safety tab, in the Sports Medicine Handbook. |
| Assistant Principal: Cell: | | 6. After EMS takes over, give AED to Athletic Director for data download. | |

Your Biggest Resource...

Your Athletic Trainer!



Athletic Trainers

- American Academy of Pediatrics⁷
 - Presence of athletic trainers can have a significant positive impact on student athlete health
 - Resulting in lower injury rates
 - Improved diagnosis and return-to-play decisions for concussion and other injuries
 - Having an AT can also result in fewer recurrent injuries
 - Recommends AT present at all football games and practices

Athletic Trainers, Cont.

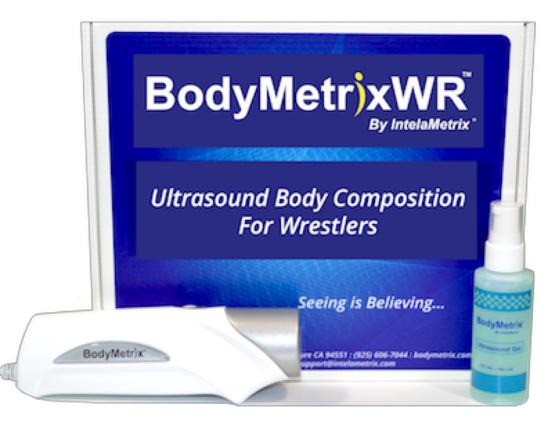
- Athletes at secondary schools with proper medical teams that include an athletic trainer sustain a lower incidence of injuries (both acute and recurring) than athletes at schools without athletic trainers
- Athletes at secondary schools with athletic trainers incur more diagnosed concussions, demonstrating better identification of these injuries⁸
- Full-time ATs in each school

Wrestling Updates

- Weight assessments begin October 15 and end January 15
- Assessors have been completing the annual recertification process since September 21

New Device and Procedure

• US Wand - BodyMetrix will be the only approved method statewide by the 2020-2021 season



New Device and Procedure

- Utilizes a three-point (males) or two-point (females) analysis of subcutaneous body fat combined with height and weight
 - Will allocate wrestlers into the appropriate weight class
 - Ensures they are cutting weight safely without crash dehydration or other unsafe methods

New Device and Procedure, Cont.

- Assessment procedures
 - Tanita procedures essentially the same
 - US Wand procedures not hydration specific, can be after practice, does not require USG (urine test)

New Device and Procedures, Cont.

- TrackWrestling changes boys and girls are completely separate (two logins)
- Report errors to TrackWrestling
- Appeals = same assessor or Section Master Assessor; same procedures (Tanita/US); same form as Initial Assessment
- Forms
 - Individual Profile Data Form updated language for US Wand
 - Physician Clearance for BF% updated to add Assessor input and initials

Questions? Comments?

Thank you

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