HONORARY REFEREE—FRED DRYER, L. A. RAMS

CITIZENS SAVINGS ATHLETIC FOUNDATION
A SALUTE TO BILL SCHROEDER

Athletes may come and go, but they are immortalized in exhibits at the Citizens Savings and Loan Athletic Foundation and Hall of Fame. Managing Director W. R. Schroeder, who founded the museum 43 years ago, polishs the old Helms World trophy, which recognizes the foremost amateur athletes in six areas of the world—Africa, Asia, Australia, Europe, and North and South America. The museum also features a boxing exhibit, which includes Jack Dempsey’s gloves and Gene Tunney’s Championship belt. Museum is in Citizens Savings building, 9800 S. Sepulveda Blvd. and is open Monday through Friday, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., and Saturday, 9 a.m. to 3 p.m.

Three times per year Citizens Savings Athletic Foundation provides awards and hosts ceremonies to honor high school athletes, boys and girls, in most CIF-SS approved team sports.

All-CIF Honors are highly valued as Southern California athletes strive to achieve this top award. The awards for girls and boys football extend back to 1937 when Frank Albert from Glendale HS was first selected Player of the Year. Other football honorees throughout the years include Glen Davis, Bonita HS (1942); Ernie Zampese, Santa Barbara HS (1953); Mickey Flynn, Anaheim HS (1955); Pat Haden and John McKay, Bishop Amat HS (1970).

Citizens Savings Press Board, a selected group of Southland Prep Sports Writers, makes the selections for the Foundation.

(Continued on Page Three)

MINUTES OF THE CIF-SS COUNCIL MEETING

JANUARY 17, 1980

The January Council meeting of the Southern Section of the California Interscholastic Federation was called to order by Chairman Tony Balsamo at 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, January 17, 1980 at the Saddleback Inn, Norwalk.

All leagues were represented with the exception of the Westside League.

I. MINUTES — It was moved seconded and passed to approve the minutes of the Council meeting of September 27, 1979 as published in the November issue of the "Monthly Bulletin"; the Executive Committee meeting of December 6, 1979 as mailed and amended; and the Executive Committee meeting of January 12, 1970 as distributed to the Council.

2. REGIONAL PLAYOFF CONCEPT — Commissioner Thomas E. Byrnes reviewed with the Council the positive results communicated to the office relative to the regional-geographical match-ups conducted in the playoffs of the fall sports. Due to its initial success and assistance to member schools in curtailing great travel distances, the Office will continue to expand on the regional-geographical match-ups where possible. This could mean teams from one league may be placed in the same half of the bracket, as was done successfully in the fall. However, the Office would still maintain the aspect of teams from the same league not meeting in the first round as the basis for working toward a true regional at some later date. There being no objection from the Council, the Chair instructed the Commissioner to proceed with same.

3. OFFICIALS’ FEES COMMITTEE REPORT — Mr. Gene Knott, Chairman of the Officials’ Fees Committee, presented a two-year proposal to the Council as formalized in conjunction with the Los Angeles City (Continued on Page Three)
MINUTES OF THE CIF-SS COUNCIL MEETING — CONTINUED

(Continued from Page One) Section. The proposal calls for a $5 increase in all sports effective the 1980-81 school year and would run through the 1981-82 school year. (This would amount to a $1 increase over the five year span in that the officials have not received a raise in three preceding years.)

5. COMMUNICATIONS — The Commissioner reviewed with the Council the various problem areas concerning communications as mailings to member schools from the CIF Southern Section Office. It was urged that League Representatives encourage member schools to respond as quickly as possible in order to save time and follow-up on same.

6. WRESTLING PROPOSAL — Dr. Richard Jackson, representative from the Century League, presented a proposal calling for a change from the quota system to a guaranteed two entries per league in wrestling for the CIF Southern Section playoffs. This was informational item and will be voted upon at the March meeting.

7. SEASON OF SPORT STUDY — Dr. Richard Jackson, representative from the Century League, presented a proposal to the Chair to appoint a committee to study the total school year and summer months as related to a possible overemphasis of working with students outside the regular season of sport. Following discussion, it was moved, seconded and passed to develop said committee.

8. LIBERTY LEAGUE PROPOSAL — It was moved, seconded and passed to approve the doubleheader concept as it related to baseball and softball effective the 1979-80 seasons (specific guidelines will be forwarded to member schools).

9. AWARDS LIMIT — It was moved, seconded and passed that the Southern Section adjust its awards limitation to come into line with the State CIF guidelines.

10. SOCCER PROPOSAL — It was moved, seconded and passed that the CIF Southern Section establish groupings and conduct playoffs in girls' soccer effective the 1980-81 school year.

RELEASING COMMITTEE REPORT — Mr. Roger Brassch, chairman of the Releasing Committee, presented a final proposal to the Parochial area for the 1980-81 school year. Following discussion, it was moved, seconded and passed to adopt the proposal as submitted. Further, an appeal to the entire Council as submitted by Mr. Brassch for an alternative alignment to the Citrus Belt Area was denied.

There being no further business to come the Council, the meeting was adjourned at 11:42 a.m.

Respectfully submitted, Ray Plutko, Administrative Assistant, Approved, Thomas E. Byrnes, Commissioner of Athletics.

BILL SCHROEDER

(Continued from Page One) Most recently, with the girls program, records brag of the achievements of Denise Corlitt, Maribourgh HS, now at U.C.L.A., an All-CIF Player in three sports in 1975 (volleyball, basketball and badminton) and the efforts of Nancy Bruen, Royal HS, who for four consecutive years captured the girls' diving championships and was Citizens Savings Diving Athlete of the Year from 1975 to 1978.

And, who can forget Jill Sterkel from Wilson HS (I.H), whose record breaking swimming performances gained for her All-CIF honors for three consecutive years as well as being named by the Press Board as "Female Athlete of the Year" in 1978.

Special thanks to Citizens Savings and to Braven Dyer and Sally Gutierrez who have assisted Bill throughout the years with these important awards.

INSURANCE INQUIRIES SHOULD BE DIRECTED TO STATE CIF

School administrators, athletic directors and coaches are reminded that all questions dealing with insurance are to be directed to the State CIF Office in Santa Barbara (802-964-4724).

Each week, the Southern Section Office receives a number of inquiries on insurance, forms, etc. Please advise your staff and parents as to the proper office to contact.
FEDERATION TO WRITE GOLF AND TENNIS RULES

Golf and tennis rules for high school competition will be published by the National Federation of High School State Associations, and they will be available for the 1981-82 school year. This decision to prepare these rules was made by the National Federation Executive Committee on January 2, 1980. Consideration is being given to combining the rules for both sports in one document. Although the prohibitions of elbow, hand, wrist or forearm pads or bracings made of hard or unsyndicated leather, plastic, metal or other hard substances in its final form (even though covered with a soft padding), it did not prohibit the use of soft, padded gloves made of an inorganic material.

ARE YOU ALL ATHLETES ELIGIBLE?

Nothing is more important in the interscholastic athletic program than the assurance that all competitors are eligible under the rules of the CIF. The principals, coaches and athletic directors should become familiar with the eligibility provisions in the Blue Book. If there is any question about an athlete's eligibility, it should be checked with the CIF SS Office at once. School officials are urged to review Eligibility Rules. Article VII of the CIF SS Section B, are all games including practice, interscholastic, scrimmage, league, tournament and playoff games.

EQUITY MAINTAINED VIA SEPARATE SPORT TEAMs

NOTE: This article is by Bonnie Northcutt, assistant athletic director of the University Interscholastic League of Texas. It appeared first in the October 1979 U.I.L. League Review.

In 1976, the Women's Equity Action League (WEAL) and the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU) have taken a stand that girls should be allowed to play on boys' baseball teams. They believe that in sports it is illegal to give preference to girls file suit against the University Interscholastic League unless the rules are changed to permit them to play on boys' teams. It is difficult to understand this position if we are concerned with the best interest of the girls and boys programs. When this stance is applied by everyone, we have girls who want to play boys' baseball, and boys trying out for the girls' volleyball team.

We can't be both.

At present, only one Texas girl has attempted to play on a boys' baseball team. Defended in court by the ACLU, she received legal approval to join the Hutto's only boys team despite UIL rules forbidding girls playing on boys' teams and vice versa.

1980 FOOTBALL RULE CHANGE

The Football Rules Committee of the National Federation of State High School Associations met in Kansas City on January 5th and 6th and adopted several rule changes pertaining to protective player equipment, and strengthened few other rules that affected the authority of the referee.

The most significant committee action was these.

1. Authorized the use of knee braces that contained metal if properly covered with a minimum of 1½ inch of soft-recovery foam rubber or an alternate material of the same minimum thickness and having similar physical properties.

The Committee recommended the prohibition of elbow, hand, wrist or forearm pads or bracings made of hard or unsyndicated leather, plastic, metal or other hard substances in its final form (even though covered with a soft padding), it did not prohibit the use of soft, padded gloves made of an inorganic material.

2. Expanded the prohibition against grasping the face mask to include the facing of any edge of a helmet. A May 1981 date has been established for release of the finished rules book or book.

The Executive Committee also directed the headquarters office to survey the states to discover if it is desired by the states, and made provision for them to publish and distribute necessary rules for interscholastic competition.

Golf and tennis become the 15th and 16th sports for which the Federation prepares playing rules. Presently, the Federation has rules programs for football, baseball, basketball, cross country, field hockey, football, boys gymnastics, girls gymnastics, soccer, softball, swimming and diving, tennis, track and field, golf, and wrestling.

Each rules program is initiated at the request of the Federation's membership, which consists of a high school association in each state, its number reflecting the population of its state and population of the United States. As a result, the National Federation of High School State Associations is considered the most accurate, well-documented and the facts are obvious: Men have greater strength, speed and height. These attributes give a great effect on sports performance. We must educate our public to these realities. Many of the women athletes in Texas who presently represent their school, their team or their school group, have an opportunity to compete. The Federation states are free to join the group. If the member is still in high school, she may be secured at the office of your principal, or secretary for sports information. To qualify, the applicant must possess a high school scholarship record which will put her to the college of her choice, an athletic potential and proven academic record. It is not a requirement for employment and is need. It is suggested.

(Continued on Page Five)

MEMBER SCHOOLS REMINDED TO WRITE UNTITLED CONTRACT

Keep it professional and simple...say it all with a written athletic contract.

Over the past few months the CIF SS Southern Section office has received a number of calls in reference to member schools canceling their contracts with other member schools—some at the last minute, others due to a change in coaches and/or administration and others with the previous agreements just lost. The purpose of this letter is to serve as an opportunity for the schools to gaging in non-league activities for athletic contests, enter into a written contract the provisions of said scheduling agreements.

This feedback method will allay any conflicts that arise due to a change in personnel and will enable the CIF SS office to assist, if necessary.

REGULATIONS FOR COACHES

CROSS-LEAGUE MAY SOLVE SCHEDULE PROBLEM FOR MEMBER SCHOOLS

Having difficulty finding enough schools in your league to fill a slot in a schedule in a particular sport?

If so, then why not try combining your league with another alignment or two — experiencing the same problem.

For example, if your league will have less than four schools fielding field hockey teams next year, then nearby schools with field hockey teams, but lacking a league in which to participate, may be added to your alignment if mutual agreement can be reached.

Such cross-leaguing and combination leaguings is currently being conducted in the boys' sports of soccer, volleyball and has been beneficial to all parties concerned.

As a particular sport develops within the Southern Section, the need for the number of schools participating in the increases, the need to develop from established leagues will diminish.

(Continued from Page Four)

EQUITABLE SCHOOLS FOR 1980 FOOTBALL RULE BOOK

This Football Rules Committee of the National Federation of State High School Associations has a mandate to prepare a 1980 Football Rule Book, which is scheduled for a May release. It will govern high school football competition in 48 states and the District of Columbia.

SECRETARIES OF SPORTS SCHOLARSHIP

Applicants for the Nineteenth Annual Sports Scholarship in the amount of $4000.00, payable upon graduation, must be admitted to the college of their choice. College enrollment, application forms, are now available to senior girls graduating in June and may be secured at the office of your principal or secretary for sports information. To qualify, the applicant must possess a high school scholarship record which will put her to the college of her choice, an athletic potential and proven academic record. It is not a requirement for employment and is need. It is suggested.

(Continued on Page Six)
THE VALUES OF SPORTS
The question comes up every now and again, “What are the Values?” what are we doing this for? Why provide athletic experiences for boys and girls? What are they learning out there on the track and in the gym?

There are many valuable by-products from training and competition and it is possible the by-products are more significant than the direct fact. The fact that someone won a State Championship or ran a four minute mile probably won’t mean much fifty years from now.

First, there is physical fitness. You can arrive at a high state of physical fitness through the daily regimen of an athletic program. But is fitness the only reason to participate in sports? Could the value in sports be in defeating the next team? Could winning a State Championship be the thing to strive for? This is a fairly transient goal. A person cannot remain the champion for long.

FAIR PLAY OVER FOUL PLAY
Here, in the field of sports, athletes learn that a point lost through honest and fair play far surpasses the gained through foul play and thus the process of character-building is achieved.

The following are excerpts from an article in The Journal in Education West, February 1980. Here’s the situation:

You are a high school boys’ basketball coach. You have a fine, tall, white, kids, on the whole, to put it simply, you are teaching them to “love sports” and you “enjoy working with kids.” Also the varsity boy pays an entry fee, and they are often involved in a salary (it is paid for a new furnace last year) and the least you can do is pay them an allowance your character and should be “fun” to play; you think that trying your hard playing street ball is important as the outcome of a game. You are coaching because you love the game and you make it a point to play as many men as possible in each game.

You are struggling through a losing season. You are playing far. You are working, however, in a situation with a lot of “success” in sports contests, and your games consistently draw around 500 fans.

You are also beginning to hear the criticisms directed your way during games. "You charge our kids with four penis," abusive remarks come from a knot of faints. "You’ve been beside the bench. Today, the afternoon of a game, three fathers of your players (two students and others) come unexpectedly to your home to personally invite you to a game.

How will you respond to this situation? What will you say to these parents? How will you deal with your players? Will you compromise, or will you hang in there and not submit to those pressures? James M. Anderson said in SPORTS IN AMERICA that a coach must be a sensitive nature and a place in coaching. Is he right? Will you resign?

The California Association of Athletic Directors sponsors numerous activities during the year. C.S.A.D.A. best known for their annual convention which brings in National Authorities in the field of athletics.

The 1980 Convention will be held April 13th and 14th at the Capital Plaza Holiday Inn in Old Sacramento.

Miss S. Richardson, Convenor of Public Instruction and Director of Education Wilson Roles, will be giving the opening address.

For those of you who were fortunate enough to attend the 1979 Convention, here will be one noticeable change. C.S.A.D.A. President, Dutch Rowker, has added 300 dollars to the boat cruise and after-hours refreshments at the track and field field also have been scholarship winners.

All applications for the 1980 Secretaries of Sports Scholarship must be received by April 11, 1980. Secretaries of the 1980 Sports Scholarship should be nominated to the 609 North California Boulevard, Los Angeles, Ca. 90004

My own experience has convinced me of the importance of the teacher—coach in schools. When I started teaching in secondary schools 10 years ago, I was a smug 22-year-old. I was determined not to view my coaching role as distinct from my teaching roles, in that years of participation in school athletics, having received a semester’s worth of hours in sports competition and practices, I identified with the student-athlete. But I had developed certain limits of values. While I would acknowledge the necessity of the team-oriented character and the classroom and character in the classroom and on the playing field.

As a student-athlete, I had played under some coaches who felt that the only glory in life was victory in a masculine struggle. Likewise, I had studied under teachers whom disparaged the physical effort and "jocks" "pick" stereotyping. My plan was to achieve a magic “perspective,” the classical golden mean applied to schools and sports. As a teacher and a coach, I would practice those lessons I learned as a student and an athlete; I would remind my sports-obsessed students that athletics is but a small mor- tality of athletics (most of them “die” at 18). For those kids, athletes and coaches, on the other hand, I would describe in convincing detail the ecstasy and exhilarating effects of competition and physical fitness. In essence, my team would have a balanced emphasis whereas my students would collaborate on the Great American Novel.

A decade or so of working in schools has removed some of that smugness and has introduced a more realistic understanding of schools and sports. There have been no National Championships, and before this decade’s work on the Great American Novel, I now have a better sense of what is possible in schools and what gets in the way of the kind of synthesis I sought.

I discovered that this balanced view was easy to profess but much more difficult to achieve. One of the most formidable obstacles to balance is the inconsistency within schools themselves. When asked what the administration desires in a school’s athletic program, they increase educational values and learning possibly in school sports. These same school leaders, however, sometimes tolerate utterly obtuse and unsportsmanlike behavior from their athletes and coaches. Coaches themselves often lip service to bring greater standards. Few will admit to narrow-mindedness in their approach to games, yet many display it. We coaches and school leaders who espouse participa- tion and educational goals with regard to sports, while their teams and coaches reflect a victory-at-all-costs approach.

This overemphasis, though hardly a new phenomenon, must be addressed. It is the obligation of schools and their leaders to let coaches know clearly what values the institution are and where the leaders stand in relation to these values. Schools must get consistent elements together and formulate an intelligent definition of athletic success; make it public, and trust their own wisdom in giving it substance. At the very least, those coaches who reflect a serious concern for teaching theirtry and acknowledge the preponder- ance academic nature of student-athletes should be supported within the institu- tion. And that’s what competent coaches are getting hopelessly mixed signals from their players, faculty colleagues, parents, administration, and the media. They are “middlemen” indeed.

Coaches, then, are teachers — and they should be taught to the degree to which they understand that their job is the selfless task of educating students and not just that of nurturing the pursuit of glittering records. Coaches must be trained to help their students to keep their living in balance, and schools must reassure their responsi- bility to the truly educational in the sporting realm.

Ideally, sports are good: They provide both physical and social rewards for participants; they offer moments of transcendental ex- (Continued on Page Eight)
### NAT. FEDERATION PRESS SERVICE ANNUAL PARTICIPATION SURVEY

Already highly respected and often used because of its accuracy and content, the National Federation Sport Participation Survey, previously compiled biennially, has been changed into an annual survey with a more sophisticated and reliable information gathering system. The survey, consisting of participation figures for high school athletics, was released recently by the National Federation of State High School Associations.

#### Most Popular Sports

**Boys**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sport</th>
<th>Schools</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Basketball</td>
<td>10,876</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Track &amp; Field</td>
<td>11,453</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Football</td>
<td>13,631</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baseball</td>
<td>13,466</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cross Country</td>
<td>9,902</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Golf</td>
<td>9,325</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennis</td>
<td>8,862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wrestling</td>
<td>8,683</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swimming &amp; Diving</td>
<td>3,820</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skee</td>
<td>3,785</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Girls**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sport</th>
<th>Schools</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Basketball</td>
<td>5,980</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Track &amp; Field</td>
<td>3,257</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volleyball</td>
<td>10,252</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennis</td>
<td>8,277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Softball (Fast Pitch)</td>
<td>6,888</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cross Country</td>
<td>5,534</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swimming &amp; Diving</td>
<td>3,316</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gymnastics</td>
<td>3,270</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Golf</td>
<td>2,690</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field Hockey</td>
<td>1,999</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Participating Sports

**Boys**

1. Football (11-Man) 980,444
2. Basketball 631,640
3. Track & Field (Outdoor) 562,567
4. Baseball 415,661
5. Wrestling 281,704
6. Cross Country 170,126
7. Tennis 156,176
8. Skee 132,073
9. Golf 117,668
10. Swimming & Diving 95,718

**Girls**

1. Basketball 460,693
2. Track & Field (Outdoor) 416,563
3. Volleyball 261,818
4. Softball (Fast Pitch) 161,962
5. Tennis 142,773
6. Swimming & Diving 118,333
7. Gymnastics 65,499
8. Field Hockey 59,679
9. Cross Country 59,003
10. Drill Team 45,131

### SANCTIONED EVENTS MUST HAVE CIF-SS APPROVAL

Athletic directors and coaches are reminded that invitational meets and tournaments involving representatives from four or more schools and from more than one league, must have their events sanctioned by the CIF Southern Section Office.

Application forms are available at the CIF-SS Office and must be submitted in triplicate prior to July 1st. This will allow ample time for processing and for publication in the Master Sanctioned Event List, which is distributed to all member schools in September.

### INTERNATIONAL

(Continued from Page Two)

Sixteen boys teams and a like number of girls teams from countries around the world will be competing. The boys competition will be at the Bath Sports Centre, the girls at the Witschul Sports Centre in Bristol.

---

**COACHES**

(Continued from Page Seven)

they provide adolescents with a social group and a ready identity; they teach the valuable lesson of the efficacy of cooperative effort. Sports should at once be taken seriously and not too seriously. Their essence is play and fun, though much can be learned in the process.

Sports, for young people especially, must be taught by strong men and women who are not beguiled by easy success formulas, who are not influenced by inappropriate big-time models, who are not afraid to exert moral leadership, who are unwilling to view their sporting lives as crusades. Persons such as those who love kids and sports and are able to view their coaching in such a balanced way should not only be supported by their schools and communities, they should also be valued as teachers in the best sense of that term and tradition.